Physics 339

Consider the following three objects all thrown with $\omega_3 = 40$ rad/s but with a small off-axis spin such that $\theta = 10^{\circ}$

- A. A Frisbee of mass M = 175 g and radius R = 13.7 cm (we ignore the height which is about 3.4 cm)
- B. A wooden dowel with M = 38 g, radius R = .94 cm and length $\ell = 23$ cm
- C. A thin-walled cylinder with M = 16 g, radius R = 2.4 cm and length $\ell = 8$ cm

For a disk:

$$I_A = \frac{1}{4}MR^2 \left(\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{array} \right)$$

for a solid cylinder:

$$I_B = \frac{1}{12}M \left(\begin{array}{ccc} 3R^2 + \ell^2 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 3R^2 + \ell^2 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 6R^2 \end{array} \right)$$

for a thin-walled cylinder:

$$I_C = \frac{1}{12} M \begin{pmatrix} 6R^2 + \ell^2 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 6R^2 + \ell^2 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 12R^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

For each object report the wobble frequency in the body frame (and the direction of ω_{\perp} motion: same as or reverse from ω_3) and the wobble frequency in the inertial frame.