Fall 2004 Physics 364 8:00 A.M.—AB even

Instructor:

Name: Dr. Tom Kirkman

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Office Hours: 1:30 P.M. Days 2 & 6 Informal Office Hours: 8:00 A.M. - 5:00 P.M.

Texts:

• Quantitative Astronomy by Thomas L. Swihart (Prentice Hall, 1992) Chapters: 1–11

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    http://www.physics.csbsju.edu/364/
    http://www.physics.csbsju.edu/astro/
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Grading:

Your grade will be determined by averaging four scores: total homework score, midterm exam score, and the final exam score (which is double-counted). Assigned homework is due at the beginning of the next class period. Approximate exam dates are: 20 September (Monday) and 18 October (Monday) but they can easily be changed.

Questions:

There is no such thing as a dumb question. Questions asked during lecture do not "interrupt" the lecture, rather they indicate your interests or misunderstandings. I'd much rather clear up a misunderstanding or further develop a topic of interest than continue a dull lecture.

Remember: you are almost never alone in your interests, your misunderstandings, or your problems. Please help your classmates by asking any question vaguely related to astronomy. If you don't want to ask your question during class, that's fine too: I can be found almost any time in my office (PEngel 111) or the nearby Physics labs.

Topics:

This course deals with how the universe works on the "large" distance scale (i.e., $\gg R_{\oplus}$). After an introduction to the coordinate systems of astronomy, we'll start by applying basic physics to planets, stars, galaxies, We'll try to find *simple* (and hence not fully correct) answers to some of the basic questions of astrophysics like: How are planets constructed? What types of stars exist? How are stars born? Why do they shine? How do they die? How do stars fit into the larger structure of galaxies? How do the galaxies fit together to form the universe? How did it all start? How will it all end? How did dead astronomers figure all of this out? Of course, behind these surface questions lie the really interesting questions: Why do we ask the above types of questions? What determines whether an answer is "correct"? How robust are are the questions and answers?

One final point: it is important to remember that the subjects of our study are not in the book; they are on display every (clear) night. Look up from the sidewalk and apply this course to real life. Use your star charts to identify stars in the sky this month and every future month!

References:

The Physical Universe by Frank Shu (University Science, 1982) — an elementary text

Fundamental Astronomy by H. Karttunen, P. Kröger, H. Oja, M. Poutanen, D. J. Donner (Springer, 2003) — previously used textbook

Introductory Astronomy & Astrophysics by M. Zeilik & S. Gregory (Brooks/Cole, 1998)

An Introduction to Modern Astrophysics by B. Carroll and D. Ostlie (Addison-Wesley, 1996)

Galaxies in the Universe by L. Sparke and J. Gallagher (Cambridge, 2000)

Astrophysical Concepts by M. Harwit (Springer Verlag, 1998); The Physics of Astrophysics I: Radiation & II: Gas Dynamics by Frank Shu (University Science, 1992) — typical graduate texts

Allen's Astrophysical Quantities ed. Arthur Cox (Springer Verlag, 2000); Handbook of Space Astronomy & Astrophysics by M. Zombeck (Cambridge, 1990) — astronomy handbooks

Catalogue of Bright Stars (D. Hofleit); Sky Catalogue 2000.0; The Hipparcos and Tycho Catalogues
— star catalogs

Periodical References:

Astronomy, Sky and Telescope — popular monthlies for the general public and amateur astronomer. Star charts, photographing hints, non-technical articles on astronomy.

Astrophysical Journal — typical technical astronomy journal published by the American Astronomical Society.

Network References:

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http://www.nasa.gov/ — NASA homepage
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http://www.stsci.edu/ — Space Telescope Institute

http://cdsweb.u-strasbg.fr/CDS.html — CDS: astronomical data on-line

http://www.fourmilab.to/yoursky/ — Sky maps from John Walker's Your Sky web site; also see xemphem on linux

http://astro.caltech.edu/mirror/keck/ — Keck 10 m telescopes

http://www.noao.edu/ — National Optical Astronomy Observatories homepage

http://www.nrao.edu/ — National Radio Astronomy Observatories homepage

http://www.aas.org/ — American Astronomical Society homepage